## LEGAL BYTE

Greetings to my valued connections!

Another byte of law for your interest. Topic: Inconsistent & Alternative Pleading to Trigger Insurance Coverage

Can a plaintiff plead inconsistent theories of relief/liability, such as negligence (which is unintentional) and fraud (which is intentional)? The answer is "yes" with a big "but"

Plaintiff is entitled to plead facts or legal theories in the alternative, or even inconsistently. *Radar Co. v. Stone*, 178 Cal.App.3d 10, 29 (1986).

A plaintiff is entitled to seek the same damages based on different theories of recovery. *Bertero v. National General Corp.* (1974) 13 Cal.3d. 43, 57, 118 Cal.Rptr. 184. The courts have held that "A complete defense to one theory of recovery is not necessarily a complete defense to other theories of recovery seeking the same, and additional, damages." Id.

However, to avoid a suit for malicious prosecution, each of the inconsistent theories must be premised on probable cause. *Crowley v. Katleman* (1994) 8 Cal.4<sup>th</sup> 666, 34 Cal.Rptr.2d 386. Thus, it would be risky to allege a negligence claim just to trigger insurance coverage. Videotape Plus, Inc. v. Lyons (2001) 89 Cal.App.4th 156, 107 Cal.Rptr.2d 1.

## © 2012 by THE LAW OFFICE OF ALAN GOLDBERG

By: Alan M. Goldberg

alangoldberglaw@gmail.com

Appeals; civil trials; family law; assist with trial preparation: 2<sup>nd</sup> chair, motions, research, witnesses, all aspects of trials; local counsel (California); referral fees paid.

Legal Bytes is provided as a free service by The Law Office of Alan Goldberg as a way of providing interesting analysis on various areas of law. It is based on California law unless otherwise stated. West Publishing "key notes" can help you find similar law in your state or feel free to contact my firm for assistance. This service is provided as a way for me to be actively engaged with my valuable connections on a weekly basis. You may opt out of receiving this Legal Byte by sending me an email. If you like the service please also let me know. Thank you.

Disclaimer: The author assumes no responsibility for the applicability of this analysis to your case. Please always do your own check of this information before using.