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# U.S. Tax Proposals to Help the Renewable Energy Industry

A variety of tax proposals are now under consideration in the U.S. that, if enacted, could help to stimulate investment in U.S. renewable energy projects.

One proposal would expand the beneficial tax attributes of master limited partnerships (MLPs) to renewable energy investments. MLPs are publicly traded investment vehicles, ownership interests in which are traded like corporate stock. While an MLP resembles a traditional corporate vehicle, an MLP that satisfies certain conditions is favorably treated as a partnership for tax purposes. Partnerships are not subject to tax at a corporate level, thereby avoiding the double taxation of profits (that is, tax on corporate income and tax on dividends) applicable to corporate entities, and greatly increasing the potential yield for MLP investors. Current law only allows this special tax treatment for MLPs that invest in oil, natural gas, coal extraction and pipeline projects. Draft legislation has been introduced to extend favorable MLP tax treatment to any entity that invests in renewable energy.

Other proposals — also at the draft stage — would extend the lifetime of two broad categories of tax incentive beyond the end of 2012. The first category is U.S. federal income tax credits based on electrical production that have stimulated investment in the U.S. wind and renewable energy industry over the last few years. The second category — commonly called the "Bush tax cuts" after former President George W. Bush who led the effort for their enactment — includes a reduction in ordinary and capital gains tax rates and other tax incentives.

While there is some bipartisan support for these proposals, it is unclear if and when they will be enacted, for two major reasons. The first is the large U.S. budget deficit and the concern about how to reduce that deficit given the global economic climate. The second is the presidential election that will take place in November. The impending election has led to a tax stalemate in relation to these proposals. It is not clear when this tax stalemate will end.

On June 13, 2012, the Senate Finance Committee held a hearing on energy tax policy. At the hearing, Finance Committee Chairman Max Baucus stated that the United States needs a diverse energy sector and suggested that instead of providing direct energy tax incentives to select technologies, perhaps the U.S. should adopt a more technology-neutral approach. The panelists devoted most of their discussion to tax incentives applicable to the oil and gas industry. As a result, the timing and likelihood of renewable energy tax reform remains unclear.

We will be monitoring this situation closely and keep you informed of further developments. In the meantime, please feel free to contact us with any questions about these proposals or other tax-related questions that may affect you.

## For More Information

If you have questions regarding the information in this update, please contact one of the lawyers listed or any Dechert lawyer with whom you regularly work. Visit us at <a href="https://www.dechert.com/tax">www.dechert.com/tax</a> or <a href="https://www.dechert.com/energy">www.dechert.com/energy</a>.

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