HSR Thresholds Increase for 2012

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The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) has announced revisions to the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act (HSR Act) thresholds, which will become effective on February 27, 2012. The revised thresholds will apply to any transaction closing on or after the effective date. The FTC is required to revise the HSR thresholds annually based upon the change in gross national product.

Under the HSR Act, when a deal satisfies the "size of person" and "size of transaction" thresholds, and no exemption from reporting is available, the deal must be reported to the FTC and the U.S. Department of Justice and the parties must wait for a designated period of time before closing the transaction.

Size of Person. The revised size of person threshold will be met if one party involved in the deal has assets or annual sales totaling \$136.4 million or more and one other party involved in the deal has assets or annual sales of at least \$13.6 million. Satisfaction of the size of person threshold is not required, however, if the transaction is valued at more than \$272.8 million.

Size of Transaction. The revised size of transaction threshold will be met if the buyer will hold an aggregate amount of stock, non-corporate interests and/or assets of the seller valued at more than \$68.2 million as a result of the deal.

The notification thresholds applicable to voting security purchases by minority owners also will increase:

February 1, 2001 Thresholds (Original)	Current Thresholds as of February 24, 2011	New Thresholds Effective February 27, 2012
\$50 million	\$66.0 million	\$68.2 million
\$100 million	\$131.9 million	\$136.4 million
\$500 million	\$659.5 million	\$682.1 million



25% if worth more than \$1 billion	25% if worth more than \$1.319 billion	25% if worth more than \$1.3641 billion
50% if worth more than \$50 million	50% if worth more than \$66.0 million	50% if worth more than \$68.2 million

In addition, the thresholds applicable to many exemptions, including those governing foreign acquisitions, will increase. The \$500 million threshold applicable to acquisitions of producing oil and gas reserves and associated assets, however, will not change.

Failing to comply with the notification and waiting period requirements of the HSR Act can result in a civil penalty of up to \$16,000 per day for each day a party is in violation.

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